

THE ANCESTORS AND DESCENDANTS OF
GENERAL ROBERT CAMPBELL MARTIN
AND HIS WIFE,
MARY WINIFRED HILL PUGH

with some related families

by

CHARLES YOUNG MARTIN

edited posthumously by

his devoted niece

VIRGINIA MARTIN CARMUCHE

with pictures from the

collection of

WILLIAM LITTLEJOHN MARTIN

Published May, 1965

This history, compiled by CHARLES YOUNG MARTIN and published posthumously in this limited edition, is also lovingly dedicated to his memory. Without his dream and determination and the years he gave to sifting, sieving and checking facts, there would be no book. Its publication was made possible by the financial contributions of the following kinsmen because they felt it was the only fitting culmination to his dream.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward M. Carmouche, Lake Charles, Louisiana
Mrs. George P. Long, Marion, North Carolina
Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Martin, Sr., Dallas, Texas
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Mr. and Mrs. William Donald Tabor, Thibodaux, Louisiana

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The information herein compiled was obtained primarily from the following sources:

- I. The record book of General Robert Campbell Martin
 - a. Maintained by General Martin until his death in 1881
 - b. Maintained by Robert Campbell Martin II, the son of General Martin, from 1881 until his death in 1916
- II. Letters and notes in the Martin family dating from 1840
- III. Notes and memories in the Pugh records
- IV. Available published books, library and courthouse records
- V. On the Littlejohn and Young families from material furnished by Dr. Frank Littlejohn and his wife, Louise Young, and from the notes of Margaret Littlejohn, deceased, of New Orleans
- VI. Letters written by Charles Y. Martin to all living descendants of the third and later generations of General Robert Campbell Martin for current information

No information was included that was not considered authentic unless otherwise so stated.

NOTE

Explanation on the numbering of descendants.

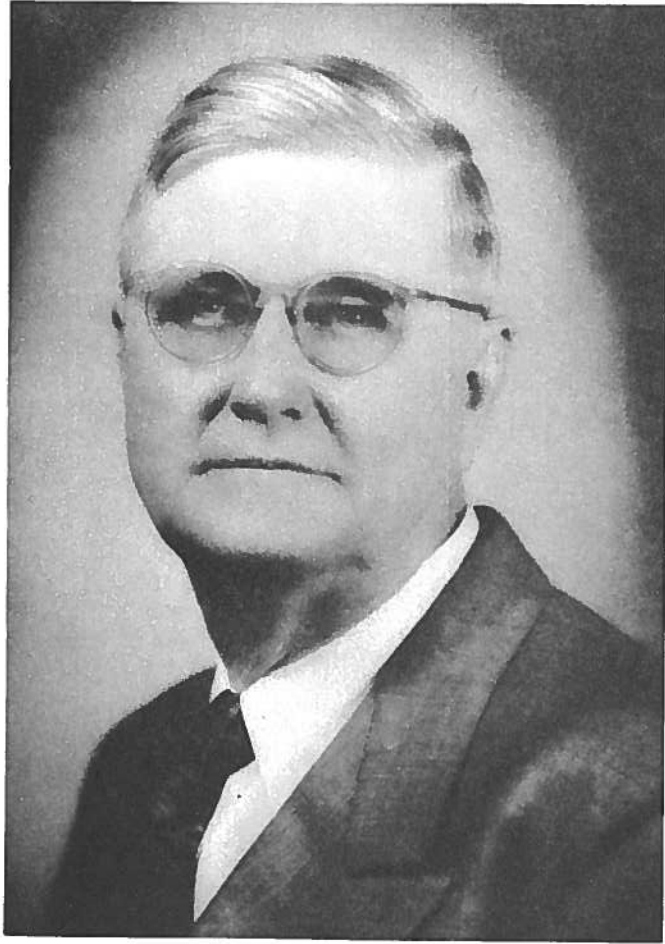
General Martin and his wife, Mary, had six children, only three of whom left descendants. Each of these is given an identifying number according to the chronological order of his birth. As Robert Campbell Martin II, who married Margaret Littlejohn, was the second child, his identifying number is "2", and each of his descendants is so identified with this numeral. For example, the number of his oldest child is "21"; the second, "22"; and the third, "23". Another numeral is added for each generation in the order of the birth of each child.

James B. Martin, the fifth child of General Martin, is identified by the number "5". Therefore, his third child, Sophie, who married George Long, bears the number "53". Their third child George Long, Jr., who married Lutie Mason, is number "533". Adelaide, the second child of George and Lutie Long, who married Robert J. Wise, bears the number "5332", and Kiva, the first child of Adelaide and Robert Wise is number "53321".

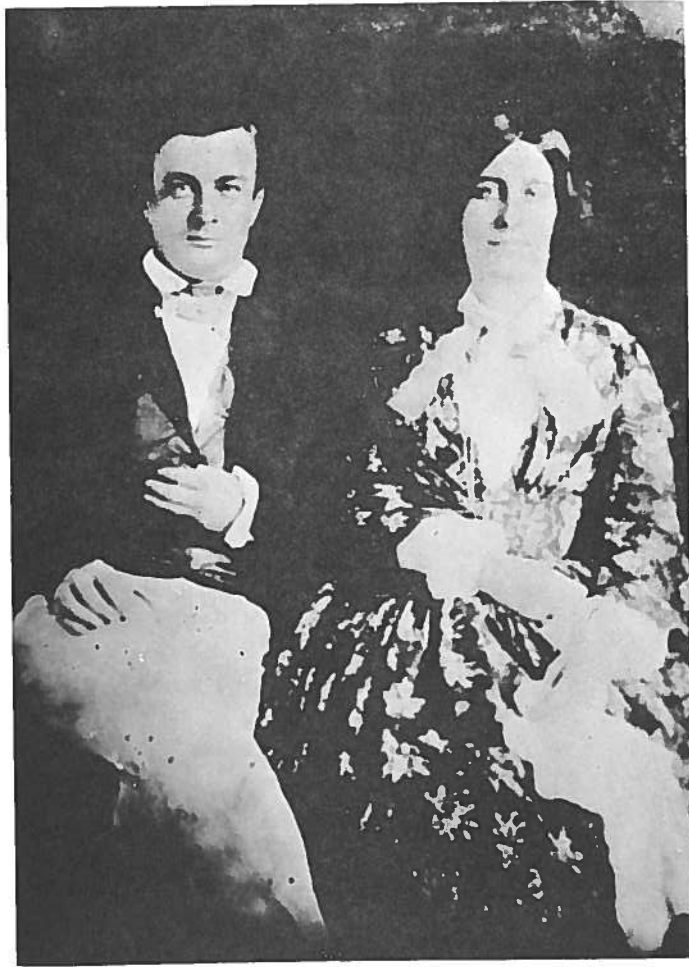
Thomas P. Martin, the sixth child of General Martin, and all of his descendants are identified by the number "6".

Divorced spouses are not included unless there was a descendant.

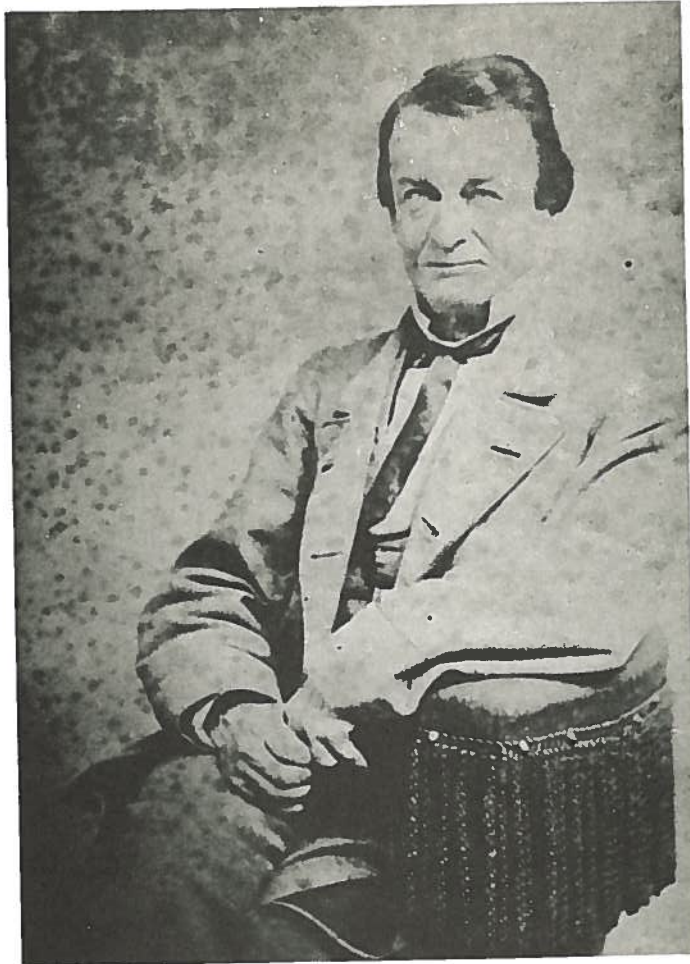
The Littlejohn, Young and Peters genealogies set out in Chapters VII and VIII do not follow this numbering system. Here the numeral accompanying the name signifies only the number of generations removed from the first known ancestor.



CHARLES YOUNG MARTIN, compiler of this family history, born at Albemarle, Assumption Parish, Louisiana, September 29, 1890, died February 11, 1962.



GENERAL ROBERT CAMPBELL MARTIN I and his wife, MARY WINIFRED HILL PUGH, whose ancestors and descendants fill this book. This is a copy of a copy of a daguerrotype made of the couple in 1854 when returning from a vacation in Point Clear, Alabama.



GENERAL ROBERT CAMPBELL MARTIN I,
taken in New Orleans at Shelton's some 16 years
subsequent to picture on preceding page. Original
inscribed, "To my niece Louisa Drake Pugh by
her Uncle R. C. Martin, May, 1870." Louisa was
the daughter of Colonel W. W. Pugh of Woodlawn.

CHAPTER I

FROM PETER MARTIN TO GENERAL ROBERT CAMPBELL MARTIN

Peter Martin, the earliest known direct Martin ascendant of General Robert Campbell Martin, was married to Sarah Campbell, the daughter of Robert Campbell and _____ McMackin. 1

1. No birth or marriage certificate can be found for Sarah Campbell. However, the fact of the marriage is recorded in THE FAMILY RECORD BOOK OF GENERAL ROBERT CAMPBELL MARTIN and in the records of the Historical Society of Pennsylvania in Philadelphia.

Of this marriage three children were born – Mary, about 1773; Robert, about 1775; and Peter Boyd, June 17, 1777. Peter Martin was born in 1743 and enlisted as a Second Lieutenant in the 11th Pennsylvania Regiment on September 30, 1776.² He was killed in the Battle of Brandywine

2. See THE HISTORICAL REGISTER OF THE OFFICERS OF THE CONTINENTAL ARMY by Hertman. This REGISTER is in the possession of the Historical Society of Pennsylvania.

on September 11, 1777.

On the ancestry of Peter Martin there is some historical data, although it has not been positively authenticated.³

3. THE FAMILY RECORD BOOK OF GENERAL ROBERT CAMPBELL MARTIN gives the name of Peter's father as John. However, it appears from correspondence between R.C. Martin I and his sister, Susan Martin Capehart, that this conclusion was reached only because Peter's youngest son was originally christened John. Upon the death of his father some three months later in the Battle of Brandywine the child's name was changed to Peter Boyd. This information may have been obtained through hearsay.

The following quotation gives his ancestral lineage. 4

4. THE NEW JERSEY REGISTER, pp. 805 and 806

"John Martin, emigrant ancestor of this branch of the family died July 5th, 1687. He was of Dover, New Hampshire, from 1648–1666; Woodbridge, New Jersey, from 1668–1676; and Piscataway, New Jersey, from 1676–1687. He married Esther, born in 1628, died December 12th, 1687, daughter of Thomas Roberts who settled in Dover, New Hampshire in 1623, and was chosen President of the Colony in opposition to John Underhill.

"Children. . . .

5th. Benjamin, third son and fifth child of John and Esther (Roberts) Martin, born in 1656, married (1) October 24th, 1680, Margaret Renolds . . .

"The elder Benjamin married (2) November 10th, 1688, Margaret, daughter of Peter Ellstone of Woodbridge, New Jersey.
Children by (2) wife:

Mary, born August 21st, 1691.

Peter, only son of Benjamin and Margaret (Ellstone) Martin, born August 19th, 1693, died March, 1756, married (1) Marie _____ There were 4 children of this marriage.

. . . .

"Peter married 2nd and had 3 children. 1st child was Robert Martin, who married November 29, 1758, Mary Bloomfield. Robert married second May 4, 1761, Margaret Pattan.

2. Peter born 1743.
3. Sarah born 1745. . . ' 5

5. This information was written to Robert C. Martin II by Mrs. Thomas M. Clark of Edgar Place, Elizabeth, New Jersey, who was descended from Peter Martin through his son, Robert Campbell. She corroborated that Robert Campbell and Peter Boyd were brothers and that General Robert Campbell Martin was descended from Peter Boyd Martin.

It is a strange circumstance, however, that although this letter from Mrs. Clark was received by R. C. Martin II about three months prior to his death, it was never entered into the family record book which he had kept current since the death of his father. This may have been due to ill health, but it may be that the information lacked proper authentication or bore further investigation.

Letters in the family file of Thomas P. Martin I, 1846-1910, indicate his certainty that Peter Martin had a sister and the one brother Robert, and that he had had graveyards searched for her tomb.

Peter with his older brother Robert, moved from New Jersey via Philadelphia to the Northumberland County of the Province of Pennsylvania in the most westerly part bordering on the Indian territory. Robert was commissioned to deal with the Indians. Sarah, Peter's wife, moved to Philadelphia with her two children, Mary and Robert, rather than to Northumberland County because of the Indian dangers. It was here in Philadelphia that Peter Boyd, the third child of Peter and Sarah, was born on June 17, 1777. The child was christened John, but upon the death of his father in September of that year, his name was changed to Peter Boyd. Upon the death of her husband Sarah moved near Princeton to be with her family but returned a few years later to Philadelphia where she died in 1803. On December 4, 1780, Sarah applied to the Province of Pennsylvania for a pension and on December 15, 1797, for a continuation of this pension. 6

6. Records of the Historical Society of Philadelphia and of the Orphan's Court of the City and County of Philadelphia. These records also affirm that Peter Martin was killed in the Revolutionary War and that Peter married Sarah Campbell, although no copy of the marriage certificate could be located. Photostats of the original records are in possession of the Estate of Charles Y. Martin.

Mary Martin, the oldest child and only daughter of Peter and Sarah Martin, married John Langdon and moved with him to Indiana. They had six children. After John's death Mary returned East, remarried and settled in New Jersey, where she died in 1844.

Robert, the second child of Peter and Sarah, married first Sarah Woodside by whom he had eight children. Albert, the seventh child, moved to Marshall, Texas, in 1848, where he married Martha Mills. This marriage produced two children, Sally and Jessie. Sally married William C. Pierce. Robert's eighth child, Montgomery (1820-1895), was a Colonel in the Union Army during the Civil War. Robert married second Sarah Ann LeCampion, the widow of Charles E. Hubbs. She died April 15, 1885. Of this marriage there were two daughters.

Little is known of Peter Boyd Martin's childhood except that the family was not well off. He was known to be in North Carolina just after the 1800's but for precisely how long is not known. On February 13, 1812, he married Janet Smith Bryan in Chowan County, North Carolina. 7 They had four children.

7. See Chapter II for the ancestry of Janet Smith Bryan.

- 1) Robert Campbell Martin I, about whom more detail is given later in this chapter, born in Bertie County, North Carolina, March 25, 1813, died July 4, 1881, at Albemarle Plantation, Assumption Parish, Louisiana.

- 2) Elizabeth Gray Martin, born September 20, 1814, died November 1, 1832, while on vacation from school at the home of relatives in Raleigh, North Carolina, where she is buried.

- 3) Susan Bryan Martin, born October 29, 1815, died February 27, 1883, buried in Snowfield, North Carolina. On November 28, 1833, Susan married George Washington Capehart, the son of Cullen and Amelia Rhodes Capehart. They lived with their eight children in Scotch Hall, Bertie County, North Carolina. George died June 15, 1885, and was buried in Snowfield adjoining his wife.

- 4) Samuel Hyman Martin, born February 8, 1818, died February 12, 1818, buried in the same coffin with his mother at Snowfield, Bertie County, North Carolina.



SCOTCH HALL (originally called Scots Hall), situated between the Roanoke River and Albemarle Sound in Bertie County, N.C., possesses an impressive boxwood from the house to the water's edge. Property once belonged to William Maule, Surveyor General of the Colony under Gov. Eden (1714-1722), whose widow, Penelope Galland, is frequently mentioned in the novels of Inglis Fletcher. Charles Pettigrew, first bishop elect of the North Carolina Episcopal Church, also lived here. Property acquired by the Capehart family in the early years of our country's independence in whose possession it has since remained. Present house built about 1835, occupied today by the widow of George Washington Capehart, a descendant of him who married Susan Bryan Martin. Scotch Hall the scene of North Carolina's first contemporary novel, entitled **BERTIE**, written in 1851 by George Thorpe, tutor to the Capehart children of that time. During the Civil War the house was besieged by Federal gunboats. (Information obtained from the tour guide of Colonial and Antebellum homes published by the Bertie County Historical Society.)



SUSAN BRYAN MARTIN, sister of General Robert Campbell Martin I, later Mrs. George Washington Capehart, born October 29, 1815, died February 27, 1883.

In the autumn of 1818, shortly after his wife's death, Peter Boyd Martin left North Carolina and settled on a plantation on the banks of the Red River seventeen miles below Alexandria, Louisiana. His children remained with relatives in Bertie County, North Carolina, by whom they were responsibly and devotedly reared. The two girls, Susan and Elizabeth, after a time were sent away to school in Pillsborn, Cheatham County, North Carolina. It was while on vacation from this school that Elizabeth died in 1832 at the home of relatives. Robert attended school in Raleigh from 1823-25 and in 1830 completed his education at a college in Philadelphia.

Peter Boyd returned several times on visits to North Carolina after his removal to Louisiana. At the time of his first visit around 1820 he paid all of his debts before returning to Louisiana. It was not until July, 1831, that he returned to North Carolina to get his two daughters and his wife's niece, Frances Hyman, to accompany him to Philadelphia for an extensive visit of several months with relatives and friends. He returned the girls to North Carolina before going home to Louisiana. Peter Boyd made his last visit to North Carolina in 1836 shortly before his death on February 13, 1838. He was buried from his son's home in Alexandria in a cemetery across the Red River in Pineville. His grave adjoins that of William Gray Bryan (1795-1831), the brother of his wife. ⁸ At the time of his death Peter Boyd Martin was comparatively well-fixed by con-

8. The tombs are still there, and the markers confirm the dates of birth and death.

temporary standards. With the exception of a few legacies all of his property was bequeathed to his two surviving children, Robert Campbell Martin and Susan Martin Capehart. ⁹

9. Peter Boyd Martin's will is recorded in Philadelphia. Receipts for the disbursements are in the Martin papers in the possession of Mrs. Maggie Martin Pugh. The will reads as follows:

"In the name of God Amen; I Peter Boyd Martin, of the Parish of Rapides, State of Louisiana, being of sound mind, memory and health, but aware of the uncertainty of this mortal life, do make this my last Will and Testament.

"Item 1. I do will and direct that all of my just debts shall be paid out of the property or estate of which I die possessed.

"Item 2. I do will and bequeath unto my brother Robert Campbell Martin of Philadelphia, the sum of Four Thousand Dollars (\$4000.00) in case he survives me, otherwise I give and bequeath the same sum to his children, to be divided equally between them, share and share alike.

"Item 3. I do will and bequeath unto my sister Mary Langdon, of Camden, N.J., Two Thousand Dollars (\$2000.00) in case she survives me, otherwise I give and bequeath the same sum to her children to be equally divided between them, share and share alike.

"Item 4. I will and bequeath unto my Aunt Hannah Campbell of New Jersey, Five Hundred Dollars (500.00) in the event she survives me, otherwise this item is null and void.

"Item 5. I do hereby will, charge and direct my executors, hereafter to be named and appointed to pay and discharge the above named legacies, out of any cash funds I may have, or the first that may come into theirs from the sale of property which must be made for this purpose.

"Item 6. I do will and bequeath unto my beloved children Robert Campbell Martin and Susan Bryan Martin, who is the wife of George Washington Capehart of Windsor, North Carolina. All the residue, remainder or rest of my worldly estate and property, whether consisting of moveable or immoveable, real, personal or mixed, to be equally divided between them share and share alike, but in making the division they are to be charged respectively with the amounts as they are on my books.

"Item 7. I do hereby nominate, constitute and appoint my son Robert Campbell Martin and my son-in-law George Washington Capehart, the executors of this my last will and testament.

"This is my last olographic Will and Testament entirely written in my own proper hand writing.

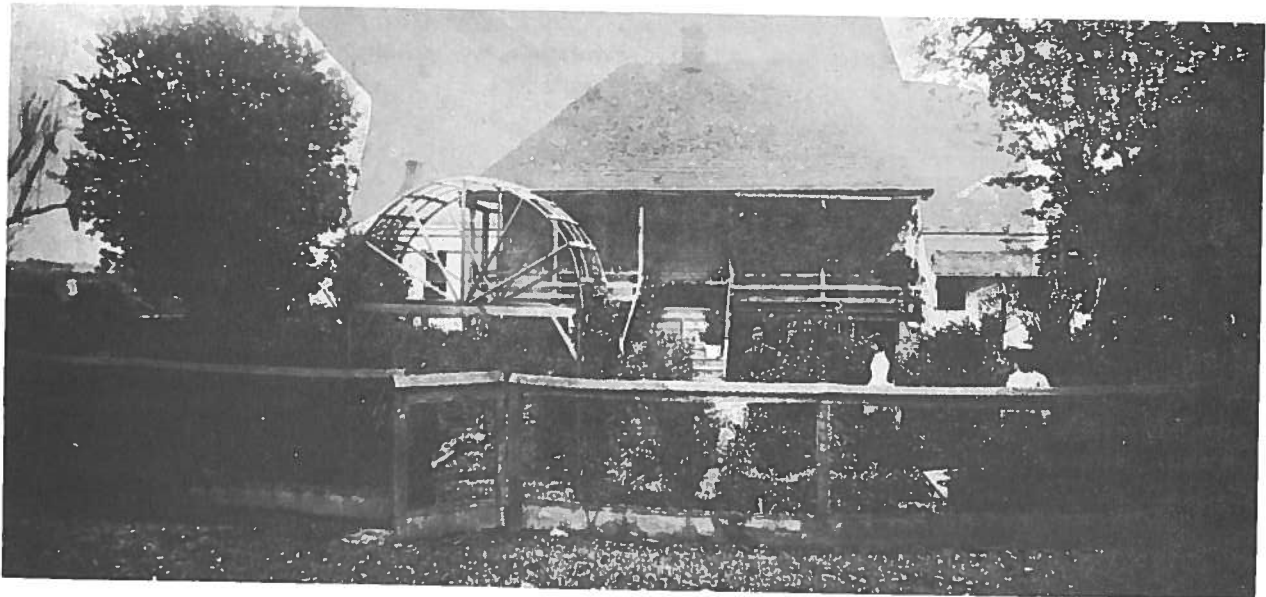
"In testimony whereof I have hereto set my hand in said Parish and State on this Nineteenth day of December A. D., 1834.

(Signed) 'P. B. Martin
Dec. 19, 1834.'

After finishing school in Philadelphia about 1830 Robert Campbell Martin stayed in North Carolina until 1832 at which time he joined his father, journeying via New Orleans, on the plantation seventeen miles below Alexandria in Rapides Parish, Louisiana. He left there in the fall of 1833 for New Orleans where he clerked for a time with John Linton and his successor, Lambert and Thompson. On April 9, 1835, in Lafourche Parish, Louisiana, Robert C. Martin and Mary Winifred Pugh were married. 10 The marriage must have been a prominent social event.

10. The marriage certificate is recorded in the Lafourche Parish Court House, Thibodaux, Louisiana. The ancestry of Mary Winifred Pugh is given in Chapter III hereof.

Her wedding veil, still in existence, was made in Europe, and has been used by some of her descendants. The couple lived in Alexandria for a few years where Robert was a merchant. During their residence there he was closely associated with a maternal cousin called Hyman. This Mr. Hyman became a federal judge in New Orleans after the Civil War. Upon his father's death Robert inherited some thirty to thirty-five thousand dollars. His wife, Mary, inherited about the same amount from the Pugh estate. Secured by these amounts, in January, 1840, he purchased Albemarle Plantation in Assumption Parish, Louisiana, to which they moved the following month.



Copy of a photograph made in 1885 by Joseph Barthet of Labadieville, La., found in an old album of his. This was the house standing on the property purchased by R.C.Martin in 1840, later named Albemarle. Time of construction not known, but probably late 1700's. The raised cottage was the typical Louisiana sugar plantation home of that time. Standing at the gate is R.C.Martin II. To the right rear is R.C.Martin III and Miss Marie Theriot, later to become the second wife of R.C.Martin II. To the right front is Bee Bee Ponson, a rice tenant on Albemarle. The house was lowered and completely remodeled a few years after this picture was taken.

Albemarle is situated on the east bank of Bayou Lafourche five miles south of Napoleonville and two miles below Woodlawn, the home of Mary Winifred's brother, William W. Pugh. The residence at Woodlawn stood until a few years ago but is now completely deteriorated.

Albemarle produced sugar cane which was converted into sugar and molasses. Except for a few years during the Civil War the plantation has been continuously cultivated since 1840. It is presently owned in indivision by Robert C. Martin IV, who is the operator, and the children of W. L. Martin, deceased, of Marshall, Texas.

Life at Albemarle typified that of the sugar planters of the day. Guests were plentiful as the Martins were gracious hosts, and their home was popular. Mrs. Whitmell Pugh (Mary, called Polly), Mary Winifred's mother, stayed with them much of the time. The sale of her plantation in Lafourche Parish coincided with the purchase by the Martins of Albemarle. The Martins, Mrs. Pugh and Colonel W. W. Pugh were all generous contributors toward the building of Christ Episcopal Church in Napoleonville. In 1846 Robert Campbell Martin was appointed by the Governor of Louisiana a Brigadier General in the State Militia, which rank he retained until the Militia was disbanded during the Civil War. It is by virtue of this appointment that he was thereafter referred to as General Martin. 10a

10a. The original commission is with the Martin papers in the possession of Mrs. Maggie Martin Pugh in Napoleonville.

He was elected in 1846 and again in 1851 to serve as State Senator from the Lafourche District. 11

11. Memorandum in papers of Robert C. Martin II. "Robert Campbell Martin attended school in Raleigh, N.C. during the years 1823-24-25 and was at school in Philadelphia until the fall of 1830, when he returned to N.C. In March 1832, he reached New Orleans, La., and joined his Father in April 1832 on his plantation 18 miles below Alexandria, La., Rapides Parish. In the Fall of 1833 he went to New Orleans and clerked for John Linton and his successors, Lambert and Thomson.

"After his marriage in 1835 he moved to Alexandria, La., where he lived until he purchased Albemarle Plantation in January 1840, moving there the following February.

"He was elected one of the State Senators from the Lafourche District, in 1846, James B. Allen being the other. He was again elected Senator in 1851. Was Brigadier General of the State Militia, 1846, to October 1862, when the Federals invaded the Bayou County and fought the Battle of Labadie, in which he participated, serving as aide to Colonel Clark, who commanded the East Side of the Bayou. He was elected senatorial delegate to the Revolutionary Convention of 1861, which adopted the Ordinance of Secession, but finding an overwhelming majority in favor of the latter, he cast his vote there for, saying in his speech, made on the occasion of voting, that if his State was to go out, and there was no chance of it doing otherwise, it would have his moral and physical support. He was faithful to his life and to the lost cause, and there is no doubt that the loss of his son and the reconstruction troubles after the War, between the States, had much to do with shortening his life."

After several years of ill health Mary Winifred died of consumption. She was interred in the Madewood cemetery near the grave of her mother who had died in 1855. Through the influence of William Littlejohn, Mary Winifred had joined the Methodist Church just prior to her death.

Six children were born to Robert Campbell and Mary Winifred Martin.

1) Mary Janet, born in Alexandria, January 27, 1836, and died at Albemarle, September 16, 1843. Originally buried on Albemarle, her remains were moved to the Madewood cemetery between the graves of her mother and grandmother about a year prior to General Martin's death.

2) Robert Campbell Martin II, born in the piney woods near Alexandria, June 5, 1839, and died at his home in Assumption Parish across the bayou from Albemarle on February 26, 1916. See Chapter IV for his descendants.

3) William Whitmell Martin (known by his second name), born July 24, 1840, killed at Vicksburg, June 21, 1863, and interred there in the Confederate Cemetery. His early education was in private schools near Albemarle, after which he attended Chapel Hill University, now the University of North Carolina, for two or three years concurrently with his brother, Robert. Whether or not he graduated is not known, but upon returning home he wrote Robert requesting that he bring his diploma. He subsequently studied law in Thibodaux and Napoleonville law offices until he enlisted in the Confederate Army at the outbreak of the Civil War. His Army career is best described by his brother Thomas:

"William Whitmell Martin was a lieutenant 8th La Vols - C S A in Virginia 1861, and in the Battle of Manassa Junction (called Bull Run by the Federals). Invalidated he returned on a furlough to Albemarle, La., and by the counsel of Gov. T. O. Moore, who kindly had his furlough extended - raised a company of 100 and joined the 26th La Vols, was at Chickasaw Bayou Battle in Dec 1862 and at the siege of Vicksburg 1863 and there killed on 21 June 1863." 12

12. See THE STORY OF THE 26TH LOUISIANA INFANTRY IN THE SERVICE OF THE CONFEDERATE STATES, Winchester Hall, pp 3, 12, 20, 21, 26, 40, 41, 42, 49, 50, 72; (death) 148, 149, 151, 170, 173.

Whitmell had an excellent personality and was very popular. His death was a great blow to his father.

4) Peter Boyd Martin, born April 2, 1842, at Albemarle and died the following day.

5) James Bryan Martin, born at Albemarle, August 25, 1844, died July 17, 1921, in Windsor, North Carolina, and interred there.

6) Thomas Pugh Martin, born at Albemarle on April 16, 1846, died in Monterey, Mexico, March 1, 1910, and buried next to his father in Madewood Cemetery.



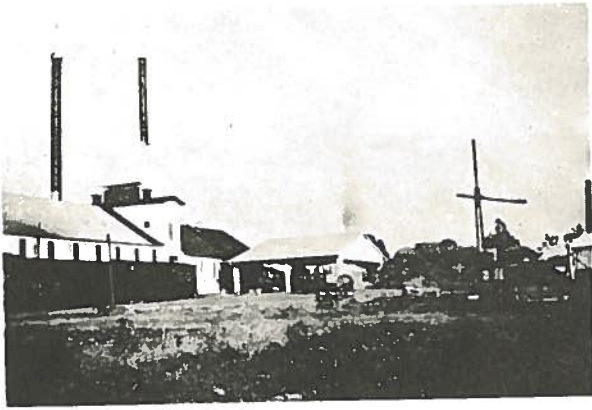
MAJOR WILLIAM WHITMELL MARTIN in his Confederate uniform, killed at the siege of Vicksburg, June 21, 1863.



James Bryan Martin, left, Thomas Pugh Martin, right. Copy of picture taken about 1852.

After the death of his wife General Martin continued to live in the plantation home with his children until his evacuation just prior to the invasion of the Bayou country by the federal troops during the Civil War. With his slaves, wagons and teams he moved to Nacogdoches, Texas where he farmed and rented some of his slaves to an adjacent salt mine. Here he remained during the entire war, leaving only for occasional visits to Shreveport and Alexandria. The end of the war saw the family scattered and Albemarle devastated. The home stood, but the sugar house, livestock, farming implements and seed cane were destroyed. 13 The plantation

13. For General Martin's own appraisal of conditions see letter written by him to Mr. William Hardy Bryan, October 11, 1874. ". . . I have been for many years a sugar planter, interrupted by the coming of the yankees who took possession of my property, crop of 1861 was 380 Hodgeshead (sic) of Sugar. They plundered this and plundered and destroyed for many years. Restoring the plantation without a stark (sic) of cane in January 1866. It was not until 1870 that I made a crop of 100 hodgehead of sugar and have not yet been able to increase it; and my dear Sir my means are now limited and my old home years ago the seat of hospitability now rarely full - never. I am working and scuffling to pay for property destroyed by the enemy. Of this enough. You are returned to the legislature you tell me. I was for seven years in the Senate of Louisiana - one of the Senators of a double large district and very wealthy, and when only gentlemen were sent. I was also one of two delegates to the "Secession Convention" of 1861. Against my own judgment as to the matter of proceeding to get out the Union, voting for the Secession, and to the end gave it my support."



Old open kettle sugar mill at Albemarle built to replace the one destroyed during the Civil War. Picture probably taken about 1906.

was leased in small tracts to tenant farmers, and the lease rentals were applied as interest payments on the mortgage.

Just after the War General Martin journeyed to Philadelphia to dispose of property there that had been inherited from the Campbells, his maternal kin. En route he visited his sister, Susan Martin Capehart, at Scotch Hall, Bertie County, North Carolina. Whatever was obtained from the sale of these lots alleviated somewhat the financial distress of the family. In addition Robert taught school to help out. After purchasing a sugar mill General Martin went to Central America where he contracted to grind a farmer's crop for twenty per cent of the sugar and molasses sales. His original idea was to settle in Central America, but after harvesting the crop he returned to Louisiana and worked for two years in New Orleans as secretary for a steamboat company. He then returned to Albemarle which he managed until his death in 1881.

In 1869 his sons received judgment against him for their share of the plantation inherited from their mother. They gave him the use of the place at five year intervals until his death. Although it appears that they did this for protection in case of a mortgage foreclosure, General Martin always resented it. The mortgage was eventually paid, but there were many lean years. 13a.

13a. Editor's note: This is not clear from a legal standpoint. Although Mrs. R. C. Martin had been dead for 11 years, this apparently refers to the succession judgment, giving to the Martin boys the naked ownership of their share of the plantation inherited from their mother, leaving to their father the usufruct, which is the way that Louisiana law operates. Why General Martin resented it is not clear, nor why it was done for protection against mortgage foreclosure. If a mortgage had been granted between the time of Mrs. Martin's death and the time of succession judgment solely by General Martin, then that part of the property inherited by the boys was free of the mortgage. If the mortgage had been signed by all owners, then it followed the property, and foreclosure would not have been prevented. The only protection that seems clear is that General Martin would be precluded in the future from mortgaging any of the property except that which was in his name.

General Martin lived alone the last ten or twelve years of his life. He spent a great deal of time tracing his ancestry and that of his wife. 14. He visited relatives and also made several

14. The information that he collected is recorded in a ledger that was kept current by his son, R. C. Martin II, until his death in 1916 -- THE FAMILY RECORD OF ROBERT CAMPBELL MARTIN AND OF MARY WINIFRED HILL PUGH.

trips to Hot Springs, Arkansas, in an attempt to relieve the arthritis with which he suffered acutely the last years of his life. For several years prior to his death this arthritic condition forced him to sleep in a chair rather than reclining in a bed. The loss of his wife and his son, Whitmell, the devastation of Albemarle by the War, the lawsuit by his sons and the pain of his arthritis all embittered him and served to aggravate an already irritable disposition.

In spite of his quick temper he was well reared and was always a gentleman of the old school. He was devoted to his sons and their families, as well as other relatives, but was un-

able to keep them for any length of time in his home because of his irascibility. He would never consent to sell Albemarle and live with his children, in spite of their urging. He left only temporarily for short visits to his sons in Texas and North Carolina. He liked and respected his friends and was admired by them and by his children for his uprightness, honesty and judgment. 15

15. See note found in the Martin papers, "It is proper to note here that this record, while founded upon that compiled by our Father, Robert Campbell Martin, has since his death been enlarged by his sons who proud, as they have the right to be, and are of his record as an honest, upright man and best of Fathers incorporate here in this brief sketch of tribute to his memory."

He died at Albemarle on July 4, 1881, and was interred in the Madewood Cemetery next to his wife. The following epitaph written at the time of his death is proof of the esteem in which he was held.

"In private life, while arbitrary and dictatorial, he cherished domestic affection in an almost womanly degree; was constant and loyal to his friends, permitting no disparagement of them in his presence, admitting no fault, striking the first blow in defense, and tenderly cherishing to the day of his death the memory of those who had gone before him. Grateful for the simplest act of kindness from others. His own generosity and old fashioned instinct of hospitality knew no limit, and his sense of fealty to his wife's family led to much sacrifice, in a character of which it was by no means a leading factor. To his slaves, and to the colored people, before and after the war, he proved a kind and beneficent master and patron, and his own retainers manifest sincere grief for his loss and gave devoted attention to him in his last long illness. In business relations, his unqualified integrity and uprightness rendered his word as good as his bond; in dealing toward the unfortunate. Socially his utter fearlessness commanded universal respect; yet there was none so poor he could not do them reverence, for his pride was the pride, not of the autocrat and owner, but of the gentleman. Honored for his many virtues and real noble traits of character, he leaves in many fond hearts the impress of his deeds of love and kindness in the days that are past, and in none deeper than in one who, in fullness of sincere grief for his loss has penned these lines in tribute to his memory." 16

16. Written for the newspaper (not known which one) by Mrs. W. W. Pugh, Jr., nee Eliza Lofton Philips, under the nom de plume of "Arria".

CHAPTER II

ANCESTRY OF JANET SMITH BRYAN, WIFE OF PETER BOYD MARTIN AND MOTHER OF ROBERT CAMPBELL MARTIN I

“The ‘Bryans’ of North Carolina of whom the Compiler hereof, descends, and also the Needhams & Whitfields, with whom they were intermarried, left England for Political reasons being persecuted for loyalty-adherence to Charles the First. The first of the name of ‘Bryan’ known to his descendant who presents this compilation, (collected greatly by General Nathan Bryan Whitfield and late of Alabama-Demopolis) & in a measure collected by the writer. . .” 17

17. Opening paragraph, p. 49 . FAMILY RECORD BOOK. The twenty succeeding pages concern the Bryan, Whitfield, Smith, Gray and related families. The information contained herein is taken largely from these pages with the exception of other stated references.

William Bryan migrated circa 1689 from Ireland to America with his wife, Alice Needham, 18

18. Some historians state that she is the daughter of Lord Needham, but the Martin records do not reflect this.

whom he married in England, and settled in Isle of Wight or Nansemond County, Virginia. The couple had one son, Needham Bryan, born February 23, 1690. Needham married three times. First to Ann Rambeau, a lady of French descent, and the ancestor of Janet Smith Bryan. She died March 16, 1730. His second wife was Susannah Harrel; and his third wife, Sarah Woodard, whom he married June 20, 1753. Sarah, who survived him, died in 1776. Needham died January 2, 1770.

Needham and Ann Rambeau Bryan had three children. Rachel (1723–1790) married William Whitfield on November 6, 1741, and had nine children. William, born October 31, 1724, died _____, married Elizabeth Smith of Virginia about 1744. They lived in Johnston County, North Carolina, near Smithfield. She was the daughter of John Smith and Elizabeth Whitfield. Elizabeth Whitfield’s father, Sir Thomas Whitfield, had emigrated from England to the Isle of Wight County, Virginia. 19

19. See LOST TRIBES OF NORTH CAROLINA, p. 658. (Editor’s note – I do not know the whereabouts of this book and have no further data on it).

Needham Bryan, the third child was born about 1726, and married Nancy Smith, a sister of Elizabeth, his brother’s wife.

William Bryan, the son of Needham and Ann Rambeau Bryan, was named Colonel of Johnston County by the Provincial Congress in 1776. 20 William and Elizabeth had ten children. The

20. HISTORICAL SKETCHES OF NORTH CAROLINA FROM 1584 TO 1851, a reprint of the original edition as written in 1851, by Col. John H. Wheeler, published by Frederick H. Hitchcock, N.Y., copyright, 1925, p. 81, Vol. I

second child, William Bryan II, married Elizabeth Gray on October 20, 1778. He owned Snowfield in Bertie County, North Carolina, and they, as well as many of their descendants, are buried in the cemetery there. William Bryan II was a delegate to the Provincial Congress which met at Hillsboro, N. C., in 1775, 21 and was sheriff of Bertie County in 1791. The fifth child of William

21. HISTORICAL SKETCHES OF NORTH CAROLINA, supra, p. 31, Vol II.

II, and Elizabeth was Janet Smith Bryan, born April 24, 1789, died February 12, 1818, married Peter Boyd Martin, February 13, 1812. 22

- 22 The descendants of Peter Boyd and Janet Bryan Martin, one of whom was Robert Campbell Martin I, are previously shown in Chapter I.

Elizabeth Gray, the wife of William Bryan II, was born May 27, 1759, and died January 17, 1839. She is descended from Anne Bryan (1698-1770), the daughter of Louis Bryan and Elizabeth Hunter, and John Gray (died October 11, 1756) who emigrated from Scotland. One of their ten children, William Gray, born June 17, 1730, married Francis Lee, the daughter of Stevens Lee and Elizabeth West of Tyrrell County, North Carolina. Their daughter, the aforementioned Elizabeth Gray, was the mother of Janet Smith Bryan who married Peter Boyd Martin. 23

23. In the excellent book **WHITFIELD, BRYAN, SMITH, AND RELATED FAMILIES**, Book Two, **BRYAN SMITH**, compiled by Emma Morehead Whitfield, edited by Theodore Marshall Whitfield, printed by The Times, Inc., Westminster, Maryland, 1950, the ancestry of Janet Smith Bryan is given as it is in the text above. This book is recommended to anyone who wants more detail on this family. There are two footnotes in the book that refer to Robert C. Martin's letter and that vary slightly from this account. However, the facts herein have the additional authentication of General Martin's correspondence and family record. Footnote on the bottom of page 20 in the Whitfield book suggests other children for Janet Bryan Martin. They are listed correctly in the text above on the same page. The listing of Mary Winifred Hill Pugh (BL106) as the sixth child of Janet Bryan and Thomas Whitmell Pugh is incorrect. She was the daughter of Mary Whitmell Bryan and Dr. Whitmell Hill Pugh. Her mother was the second child of Joseph Bryan and Mary (Hunter) (Coffield) Dawson as shown on page 197 of that text. The Martins are proud of their Bryan ancestry.



ROSEFIELD, the home of John Gray, (ancestor of Elizabeth Gray, wife of William Bryan II) built in 1729. The home is occupied today by Mrs. Moses B. Gillam and Helen Gillam, descendants of the original owner.

CHAPTER III

THE PUGH ANCESTRY

The Pughs, of Welsh origin, emigrated to the United States in the 17th century. Their early history has been best described by a late 19th century descendant.

'In the year of grace 1666, Francis, Daniel and Thomas Pugh, gentlemen, and younger sons of a Welsh Squire of Caernarvonshire, (at least so says an old record) emigrated with their families to Jamestown, Virginia. Francis, the eldest of the three, settled near Suffolk, Virginia, in Nasemand (sic) County and built a handsome brick residence which he christened 'Jericho' probably because he fancied that he had reached the 'Ultima Thule' being so far from the Auld 'Roof Tree' in the father land. They were all men of means judging from the great credit that the family had with the London merchants at that time. Some years after this we find that Francis, (whom I shall designate as 'the second') the son of Francis, the eldest brother, paid over to Robert Carey a London merchant the just and full sum of Fifteen Thousand pounds sterling, of which the original receipt is yet in the hands of one of the descendants.

'Daniel Pugh and his family moved to South Carolina where they have descendants to this day. Thomas and family moved to West Virginia and the Ohio region. Of the South Carolina branch the Hon. George E. Pugh of Ohio, U. S. Senator, was an eminent representative. A letter to the writer of this article, from Mrs. Mary A. Hart of Cincinnati, Ohio, a sister of the Hon. George E. Pugh, shows that they claim the same traditions of the three brothers. Another distinguished representative of the South Carolina branch is Hon. James L. Pugh of Alabama, U. S. Senator. 24 His family traditions also dating him back to the three

24. Records show that he was a member of the House of Representatives.

brothers who landed on the Virginia soil in 1666, going thence through South Carolina to Alabama.

'Another tradition which seems to be the common property of all the branches, and hence seems highly probable is this:—That the name was originally 'Ap Hugh' (The Welsh for the son of Hugh) and that they trace their lineage from Hugh Glendower, a young son of Sir Owen Glendower, a choleric Old Welsh Chieftain, immortalized by the Bard of Avon in his drama of 'King Henry the Fourth' and had so good opinion of himself as to assure Hotspur, the son of the Earl of Northumberland, that 'The Earth did shake when he was born' and that he was 'Not of the roll of common men.' 25

25. Taken from 'The Pugh Family' by Dr. Ed Williams Pugh, published in the FARMER AND MECHANIC, Raleigh, North Carolina, August 6 and 13, 1884. Dr. Ed W. Pugh was a great grandson of William Scott Pugh.

The three Pugh brothers were all married at the time of their emigration to Virginia. Francis, the eldest, had a son named Francis who married Pheribee Savage of Williamsburg, Virginia, a connection of the House of Randolph. 26 She was a descendant of that John Savage who came

26. After Francis's death Pheribee married Colonel Thomas Barker. Their daughter, Betsy, married Colonel William Turnstall of Henry County, Virginia. Her descendants claim that she was courted by Thomas Jefferson whom she declined in marriage.

from England in 1607 with the Jamestown Colonists. 27 Francis and Pheribee had five children-

27. This is the information obtained from the Ed W. and W. W. Pugh records. However, other Pugh records have another Francis Pugh between the one emigrating from England and the one marrying Pheribee Savage. This Francis married an Ann _____ who was the daughter of Theophilis. The fact of this extra generation has more plausibility as the three Pugh brothers were all married before they left England. Francis, the oldest, probably married first. The oldest child of Francis and Pheribee was born in 1713 according to the Pugh record, but not until 1723 according to other records.

Thomas, John, Theophilis, Pheribee, and Penelope. 28

28. Long before this the Pughs, from whom Mary Winifred Hill Pugh, the wife of General Robert Campbell Martin, was descended, had moved to Bertie County, North Carolina.

All information on the Pughs used in this chapter is obtained from the newspaper articles of Dr. Ed Williams Pugh, IBID., fn 25, and from notes and letters of Colonel William W. Pugh and the Martin family.

Thomas, outstanding patriot and leader in the fight for colonial rights, was commissioned a lieutenant colonel in Bertie County. 29 He and his wife, Mary Scott Pugh, lived at "Quirocky"

29. See HISTORICAL SKETCHES OF NORTH CAROLINA, supra, in which Thomas is mentioned several times.

with their three sons, William Scott, Francis, and Colonel Thomas Pugh, Jr. Colonel Pugh, Sr., died in 1805

Colonel Thomas Pugh, Jr. married Esther Taylor of Martin County, North Carolina. One of their daughters, Cynthia, married her first cousin, Augustin Pugh.

William Scott Pugh, who was wounded in the battle of Guilford Courthouse, married first Winifred Hill, daughter of Colonel John Hill and Martha Whitmell. Martha Whitmell Hill was a daughter of Colonel Thomas Whitmell and Elizabeth Hunter Bryan (1694-1731). William Scott Pugh married second Elizabeth Bryan, the daughter of David Bryan and the niece of Joseph Bryan. By his first marriage William Scott Pugh had the following children. 30

30) Not listed according to primogeniture.

- 1) Thomas Pugh, who died young.
- 2) Dr. Joseph Hill Pugh, who died unmarried.
- 3) John Hill Pugh, who married Elizabeth Lockhart.
- 4) Elizabeth Hill Pugh, who died young.
- 5) William Alston Pugh, who married first Mrs. Alice Blount Thompson, and second Miss Frances Helen Slade of Martin County, North Carolina. 31

31. William was the grandfather of Dr. Ed Williams Pugh from whose notes much of this information has been obtained.

THE YELLOW HOUSE (now painted white), built between 1812 and 1815 in Woodville, North Carolina, by William Alston Pugh and occupied by his direct descendants until 1945. Now owned and occupied by a kinsman, C. B. Griffith, Jr., and family. A very fine house of the Federal period with handsome mantles, woodwork, and interesting fanlight over front door.



6) Dr. Whitmell Hill Pugh, father of W. W. Pugh and Mrs. Robert C. Martin, who married Mary Bryan Hill, 32 the widow of his cousin John Hill, and moved to Louisiana.

32. Mary Whitmell Bryan was born on November 20, 1776, died November 22, 1854, at the home of Robert C. Martin, and was buried at the Madewood cemetery next to her husband, Dr. Whitmell H. Pugh. She was first married to John Hill by whom she had only one child who died in infancy. Upon John Hill's death shortly after their marriage, Mary Bryan Hill subsequently married Dr. W. H. Pugh on March 11, 1806. Mary was the daughter of Joseph Bryan and Mary Hunter and the first cousin of Elizabeth Bryan, the second wife of William Scott Pugh. Joseph was the son of Simon Bryan and his third wife, Anne West, the widow of Charles West Jaycocks of Bertie County. Anne West Jaycocks was the daughter of Colonel and Mrs. Harvey (Mary) West. Simon Bryan was the son of Lewis Bryan and Elizabeth Hunter who came to North Carolina from Virginia. See Book 2. WHITFIELD, BRYAN, SMITH AND RELATED FAMILIES, supra.

Mary Hunter, the sister of Harry Hunter, the racer, was married three times. By her first husband, Dawson, there was no issue. By her second husband, Thomas Coffield, she had two sons and two daughters. Mary Hunter's father was Henry or Thomas Hunter and her mother was Sarah Whitmell, who was a sister of Martha Whitmell, the wife of Colonel John Hill. Sarah and Martha were the daughters of Colonel Thomas Whitmell. Mary Whitmell Bryan was the first cousin of Elizabeth who was the second wife of Mary's father-in-law, William Scott Pugh. Colonel William Pugh in his articles refers to his mother as being known as "Polly."

No relationship has ever been found between the Bryans from whom the Martins are descended and those in the Pugh ancestry, although both families were settlers of eastern North Carolina.

7) James Pugh, who married Sarah Andrews of Bertie County, Tennessee, 32a and left a

32a. Editor's Note: This must be an error by the author, meaning Bertie County, North Carolina. There is no Bertie County, Tennessee.

large family of twelve children. His grandson, Dr. Thomas Jay Pugh of Bryan, Texas, is a fine representative of this branch.

8) Augustin Franklin Pugh, who moved to Louisiana with his wife and first cousin, Cynthia Pugh.



Photograph (made in May, 1962) of an oil painting of AUGUSTIN PUGH, now in possession of Miss Augusta Littlejohn of New Orleans, a great-granddaughter, obtained by her from the estate of a great grandson, Franklin Pugh, Jr.



CYNTHIA PUGH PUGH, wife and cousin of Augustin Pugh. Photograph made of oil painting same time as that of Augustin.

9) Sarah Winnifred Pugh, who married William Tunstall, Jr. son of Colonel William Tunstall and Betsy Barker, moved to Virginia and left a large family.

10) Henry Hill Pugh, who married Susan Dunn, moved to Stuart County, Tennessee, and left a large family.

By his second marriage to Elizabeth Bryan, William Scott Pugh had one son, Thomas Pugh, who moved to Assumption Parish, Louisiana, with his half-brothers, Augustin and Dr. Whitmell Pugh. He married Eliza Foley of New Orleans and left a large and interesting family. Just prior



THOMAS AND ELIZA FOLEY PUGH. Photograph from original daguerrotype belonging to Alice Vance Barton, their great-granddaughter.

to his death in 1852 he built a lovely home of the Greek revival style about two miles below Napoleonville. Madewood, as it is known, still stands today.



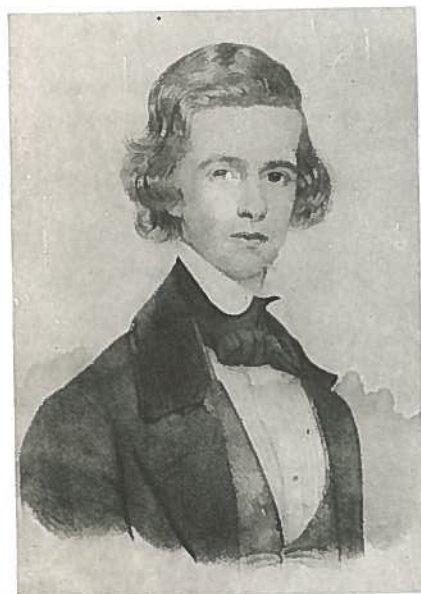
MADEWOOD, home of Colonel and Mrs. Thomas Pugh. Construction begun by Colonel Pugh in 1846, and completed under the supervision of his wife after his death in 1852.

Dr. Whitmell Hill Pugh, child of William Scott Pugh and Winifred Hill, married Mary Whitmell Bryan (Hill) on March 11, 1806. Following his marriage he moved to Woodville, North Carolina, the home of his wife, and enjoyed a large practice there. He was a member of the North Carolina legislature for a term or two. He retired from the practice of medicine to enter the meat packing business, killing hogs purchased from nearby farmers, curing the meat and hauling it by wagon to Richmond. The business thrived until his chief creditor defaulted owing him a large sum. About that time, influenced by a book written by a surveyor about the charms of south Louisiana, Dr. Pugh, his brother, Augustin, half-brother, Thomas, and Dr. Benjamin Ballard decided to move to Louisiana. Thomas and Dr. Ballard, with the slaves, proceeded first, going by way of Tennessee, then by boat down the rivers to Plaquemine, Louisiana, through the bayous and lakes to a place near Franklin, Louisiana, which they rented. Augustin followed with the ladies, after remaining long enough to dispose of the family assets; picked up his family who were visiting his wife's sister in Tennessee, and joined them. Part of the slaves came by boat on the ocean to New Orleans.

After one crop on the Teche the brothers moved to Bayou Lafourche. Augustin bought a place on the west bank of the bayou in upper Assumption Parish. Thomas rented in Assumption for awhile and then bought Madewood Plantation. Dr. W. H. Pugh purchased New Hope Plantation located in Lafourche Parish eighteen miles below Thibodaux on the west bank of Bayou Lafourche.

Dr. Whitmell H. Pugh and his wife had six children, all born in North Carolina, probably Bertie County.

- 1) William Augustus Hill Pugh, born December 11, 1806, died August 9, 1807.
- 2) Maria Augustus Hill Pugh, born February 3, 1809, died August 5, 1886.
- 3) William Whitmell Hill Pugh, born January 18, 1811, died at Woodlawn Plantation on January 30, 1906, and buried in the Woodlawn Cemetery, Assumption Parish, Louisiana.



COLONEL WILLIAM WHITMELL PUGH, owner of Woodlawn Plantation, moved to Louisiana from North Carolina with his father in 1819. This is the photograph of an etching made about 1845.



COLONEL W. W. PUGH of Woodlawn taken in later life.

4) Harriet Eliza Pugh, born November 1, 1812, died at Warm Springs, North Carolina, July 3, 1872.

5) Mary Winifred Hill Pugh, born January 9, 1815, died February 22, 1858, at Albemarle, and interred in the Madewood Cemetery near her mother's grave.

6) Sally Ann Louisa Hill Pugh, born December 28, 1816, died October 13, 1822, on New Hope Plantation. 33

33. Colonel William Whitmell Pugh, son of Dr. W. H. Pugh, wrote as follows regarding their life at New Hope:

"My father purchased a tract of uncleaned land eighteen miles below Thibodaux, left bank of Bayou Lafourche. His means were limited and although he had many negroes he found great difficulty in supplying them with the necessaries of Life. Whilst the heavy growth of timber occupying the land was being destroyed and the land placed in a condition for cultivation. At that time, cotton was the money crop of the country though its yield was very uncertain owing to army worms and excessive rains during the summer.

"Then there were three sugar houses in the Parish of Lafourche, the mills of which were propelled by horse power. In the year 1826 my mother, who was of very hopeful temperament disgusted with the unproductiveness of the cotton crop, obtained from Mr. LeFevre a cart load of Creole cane which she caused to be planted in the garden. It throve well and by judicious management a comparative large area of land was planted in cane. The cane crop had increased to such an extent in the year 1828 that my father decided it advisable to erect a sugar house. This was a noted sugar year and was the beginning of the cultivation of cane to a great extent. With this change of crop my father's pecuniary affairs assumed a more encouraging aspect. His increased means enabled him to buy several adjoining tracts of land, which enabled him to increase the area which he cultivated in cane and added greatly to the comforts and prosperity of the family. In the Spring of 1825 my father took his family to N. C. He placed his second and third daughters, Harriet Eliza and Mary W. at the Moravian School, Salem, N. C. where they were educated. His son Wm. Whitmell Hill Pugh, myself, was entered at Union Academy, Bertie Co., where under the superintendence of Jno B. Tate he was prepared to enter the Univ. of N. C.

"After a residence in the State of two years, Maria Augustus Pugh his eldest daughter married Joseph R. Lloyd (A Widower) of Tarboro N. C. His two younger daughters after the completion of their education remained in N. C. among their relatives, until married." From THE PUGH ANCESTRY by Dr. W. W. Pugh.

The Lloyds had four children. The oldest, Mary Louisa, born December 16, 1829, married M. E. Caldwell. After she was widowed, she spent a great deal of her time at Woodlawn where she was buried after her death in New Orleans, August 15, 1907. The other children of Joseph R. and Maria Pugh Lloyd were Joseph Whitmell, George M. and Whitmell Pugh.

After Mr. Lloyd's death Maria married Algeron Sidney Robertson of New Orleans, They lived on the River in West Baton Rouge Parish. Their only child, a daughter, drowned in the Mississippi River at the age of 12 on April 5, 1862, when the levee on which she was walking caved in. The Robertsons spent most of their later years at Woodlawn where they are both buried. A. S. Robertson died March 29, 1876, at Woodlawn. Maria died August 5, 1886, also at Woodlawn.

William Whitmell Hill Pugh 34 entered the freshman class of the University of North Caro-

34. He later dropped the 'Hill' from his name.

lina after attending Union Academy. After two years at the University he entered the counting house of Gordon and Townes of Norfolk, Virginia, in the fall of 1830. The following spring he returned to Bertie County where he married Anne Thompson on August 16, 1831. In the fall of 1834 upon the death of his father, Dr. Whitmell H. Pugh, he returned to Louisiana to superintend the plantation and settle the estate. His father had contracted pneumonia on a return steamboat trip from North Carolina and died in Assumption Parish at the home of his brother Augustin. He was buried in the cemetery at Madewood, the home of his half-brother, Thomas. Dr. Whitmell Pugh was born in Bertie County, North Carolina, in 1781 and died in November, 1834.

In the spring of 1835 W. W. Pugh, for the sum of twenty-thousand dollars payable on time, purchased Woodlawn Plantation situated on the east bank of Bayou Lafourche three miles

below Napoleonville. He acquired contiguous property from Pierre Charlet at the same time, and later exercised his option for the United States double concession. 34a He built the main

34a. Where waterfrontage was acquired from the government, the patentee was allowed to exercise an option to acquire an equal amount of property, in addition, to the rear of that on the bayou. Editor's note.

part of the Woodlawn residence at that time and added the upper and lower wings later. The house was an outstanding colonial one and stood for over 100 years.



WOODLAWN, home of the W. W. Pughs. Main structure built in early 1840's, wings added in 1846. The house, after remaining unoccupied for many years in the 20th century, was completely demolished in 1945. This photograph was copied from a picture taken in 1885 by Joseph Barthet of Labadieville, La. The old family cemetery remains to the rear of where the house once stood.

W. W. Pugh was active for many years in state and local politics. He served in the state legislature from 1848–1850 and again from 1852–1856 during which latter term he was Speaker of the House. He was twice elected Superintendent of Public Education for Assumption Parish during these same years. Although he retired from state politics in 1856, he remained active in parish affairs through the Civil War and for many years afterward, serving on the Police Jury either as President or as Chairman of the Finance Committee, and as a member of the Levee Board for twenty years after the War.

W. W. Pugh's first wife died on January 6, 1843, and was buried in the Madewood Cemetery. On March 12, 1844, he married Josephine W. Nicholls of Ascension Parish, a sister of General F. T. Nicholls who later became Governor of the State of Louisiana. Josephine died on September 24, 1868. There were six children of the first marriage and nine of the second.



JOSEPHINE NICHOLLS PUGH, second wife of Colonel Wm. W. Pugh of Woodlawn. Died September 24, 1868.

During Colonel Pugh's lifetime Woodlawn was home to many of his less fortunate relatives. This was especially true of his later years after the death of his second wife. His home seemed to be the haven for all unemployed kinsmen.

Harriet Eliza Bryan Pugh, the second daughter of Dr. Whitmell Hill and Mary Hill Pugh, was a very talented girl. She married on October 17, 1832, Jordan A. Wright of Brooklyn, New York, a native of North Carolina. Of this marriage, terminated by the death of Wright on August 8, 1834, there was one daughter, Virginia McTaggant Wright, who married Dr. Charles Ganal of Savannah, Georgia. After living in Savannah for awhile they moved to Kerr County, Texas, where their family was reared.

Harriet Eliza Pugh Wright, better known as Eliza, after a widowhood of a few years, married Noah Thompson of Bertie County, North Carolina. They lived near Tallahassee, Florida. They had several children, all of whom died young. After the death of her second husband, Eliza moved to Texas near her daughter. She died while on vacation in Warm Springs, North Carolina.

MARY WINIFRED HILL PUGH, fifth child of Dr. Whitmell Hill Pugh, married Robert C. Martin at New Hope Plantation in the spring of 1835. 35 It is not known where they met or courted,

35. See Chapter I for more details.

but it must have been in Bertie County, North Carolina, as there is no record of visits in Louisiana. It is not clear how much time Mrs. Whitmell H. Pugh spent in Louisiana after the children were sent to school in North Carolina, but their Lafourche holdings were sold in the late 1830's to Augustin Pugh, Whitmell's brother. 36

36. See records in the Lafourche Parish Court House in Thibodaux.

At the risk of repetition, but for the sake of clarity, it seems appropriate here to outline in more detail the interrelationship between the Pughs and the Whitmells.

The first Thomas Whitmell, 37 an Englishman, married Mary _____. 38 They had one

37. Editor's note: Author said "that we find in our records." However, it is not clear to what records he referred.

38. In the Littlejohn records her last name is given as Clark.

son Thomas Whitmell II, born in 1688, died in 1735. He married Elizabeth Hunter Bryan, born September 15, 1694, died January 18, 1753. She was the daughter of Lewis Bryan and Elizabeth Hunter. 39

39. The same Lewis and Elizabeth Bryan who are the Martin ancestors by another line.

Thomas Whitmell I emigrated to America prior to his marriage and, after living in Virginia for awhile, settled in Bertie County, North Carolina.

Thomas and Elizabeth Whitmell had three sons and seven or eight daughters. Elizabeth married second Robert Hunter, who was a widower with children. Two of Thomas and Elizabeth's sons died in youth without issue. Thomas Whitmell III, the oldest child born December 29, 1713, married Elizabeth West. They had only one son, Thomas West Whitmell, who was killed in the Battle of Germantown, October 4, 1777. Since he had no issue, the name "Whitmell" as a surname of this branch became extinct, although it has been used repeatedly as a first or middle name by many of the descendants.

Two of the daughters of Thomas and Elizabeth Whitmell are ancestors of Robert Campbell Martin. SARAH, the fourth child and third daughter, born about 1721, married Henry Hunter, her step-brother, born March 14, 1725. Henry Hunter was the son of Robert Hunter by a marriage previous to that with Elizabeth Hunter Bryan Whitmell. Henry and Sarah Hunter had a child, Mary, born December 28, 1744. Mary Hunter married Joseph Bryan, born September 3, 1732, who was her cousin as they were both descended from Lewis Bryan and Elizabeth Hunter. Joseph Bryan, of Martin County, North Carolina, was Mary's third husband. She was first married to _____ Dawson, of which marriage there was no issue. By her second marriage to Thomas Coffield she had two sons and two daughters.

JOSEPH AND MARY BRYAN had eight children. The second child, MARY WHITMELL BRYAN, born March 6, 1776, first married her cousin, John Hill. They had one child who died in infancy. Hill's premature death terminated this marriage, and Mary Whitmell remarried on March 11, 1806, DR. WHITMELL HILL PUGH. They had several children, among whom were Colonel William W. Pugh of Woodlawn and MARY WINIFRED HILL PUGH who married General Robert C. Martin.

MARTHA WHITMELL, the fifth child of Thomas Whitmell II and Elizabeth Bryan Whitmell, was born about 1722, a year later than her sister Sarah. Martha married first Henry Laurence Bates. They had either one or two children. She married second Colonel John Hill, Sheriff of Bertie County, and they had either six or seven children. 40 One of the girls from the second

40. Martha had a total of eight children but it is not known if the second child was of the first or second marriage.

marriage, SARAH WINIFRED HILL, married WILLIAM SCOTT PUGH in the late 1760's. They were the parents of DR. WHITMELL HILL PUGH who married MARY WHITMELL BRYAN HILL. 41

41. The information on the Whitmell and Pugh ancestry was obtained from the Martin records, the MEMORIES OF COLONEL W. W. PUGH, the notes and charts of Miss Margaret Littlejohn, and WHITFIELD, BRYAN, SMITH AND RELATED FAMILIES. supra.

All of this marriage between the families seems to refute the general impression that intermarriage of families deteriorates the clan. In this chapter and the preceding one are found the names of many patriots mentioned in WHEELER'S HISTORY OF NORTH CAROLINA, supra.

CHAPTER IV

DESCENDANTS OF ROBERT CAMPBELL MARTIN II

Robert Campbell Martin II, son of Robert Campbell Martin I and Mary Winifred Hill Pugh, was born in the piney woods near Alexandria, Louisiana, on June 5, 1839. He received his elementary education in private schools near Albemarle Plantation; his higher education at Chapel Hill, North Carolina, from which he graduated in 1860. 41a His vacations from Chapel Hill were

41a. Original diploma with the Martin papers in the possession of Mrs. Maggie Martin Pugh.

spent with relatives in North Carolina. He did not get home even for his mother's funeral. His brother Whitmell attended Chapel Hill part of the time while he was there.



Robert Campbell Martin II, born June 5, 1839; died February 25, 1916. Copy of picture taken in Fort Worth, Texas, in 1895.

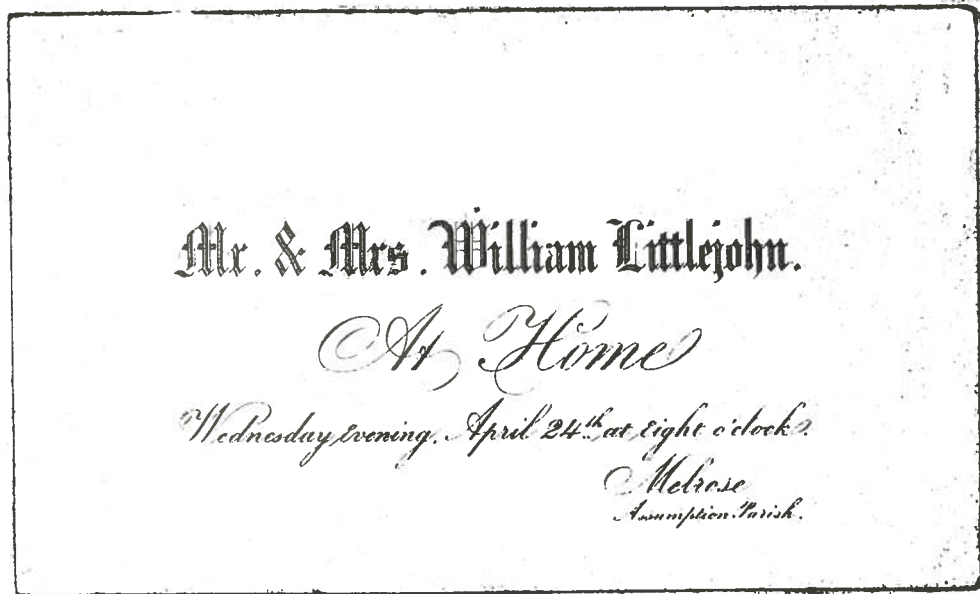
Robert began the practice of law in Napoleonville after his graduation, but the Civil War interrupted. On April 24, 1861, he married Margaret Chisholm Littlejohn, the daughter of William Littlejohn and Eliza Anne Chisholm. They were married on Melrose Plantation, the home of her parents, about two miles south of and across the bayou from Albemarle. Margaret, known as Maggie, was born on April, 14, 1837, in Tennessee. 42

42. Her ancestry is given in Chapter VII.



Maggie Chisholm Littlejohn, wife of R. C. Martin II, born April 14, 1837; died July 12, 1879. Co-founder of Alpha Delta Pi girls' sorority while attending school in Macon, Georgia.

Wedding Invitation of Robert C. Martin II and Maggie Chisholm Littlejohn. This type of invitation fashionable at this time.



Robert Campbell Martin II joined the Louisiana 26th Infantry of the Confederate Forces. He was an officer in the company of which his brother Whit was a Major. The Louisiana 26th served in Louisiana and Mississippi, including the siege of Vicksburg. It is interesting to note that Robert's wife, Maggie, spent some time with him during the siege, although she spent most of the war with her sister in Mansfield. Just prior to the Vicksburg surrender she made her way to

Mobile where she was joined by her husband after the surrender. After visiting friends and relatives in North Carolina they returned by horse drawn vehicle to her sister's in Mansfield. 43

43. Robert, captured at the surrender of Vicksburg, was allowed to leave on parole with the stipulation that he would not again fight against the Union Forces.

When his temporary status of prisoner of war was ended by his exchange, Robert again served in the Confederate forces in the Ordnance Department in Shreveport, Louisiana, and Jefferson, Texas.

After the war Robert tried practicing law and teaching at Mansfield. Since neither was lucrative, he returned to Assumption Parish and lived with his father for awhile before moving into his own home near Albemarle. From this time to the death of his father he taught school, farmed part time on a section of Albemarle, sold coal and overseered on a nearby plantation. Every odd job was welcome in the struggle to stay alive in those post war days.

Maggie, who had been in ill health for a number of years, died on July 12, 1879, a few days after the birth of a daughter. Just before the death of his father, Robert and his children moved back into the main Albemarle residence. After his father's death in 1881 he managed the plantation for himself and his brothers until he acquired their interest in 1889. He continued to live at Albermarle until shortly before the marriage of his eldest son, Robert, in 1887, to whom he delegated its management. He then moved to the west side of Bayou Lafourche where he remained until his death, serving during this time as Parish Assessor for two terms.

Robert married the second time Marie R. Theriot of Assumption Parish in San Antonio, Texas. She was born October 21, 1858, died October 7, 1945, and was buried in the Catholic Cemetery in Labadieville, Louisiana. Robert died February 25, 1916, and was interred in the Madewood Cemetery next to his brother Thomas. The remains of his first wife and infant daughter were removed from the Woodlawn Cemetery to his tomb.



Photograph taken June 5, 1915, of R. C. Martin II, and his second wife, Marie Theriot. Child unknown.

Robert Campbell and Maggie Chisholm Martin had four children – Robert Campbell Martin III, William Littlejohn, William Whitmell Pugh and a daughter who died in infancy.

21. ROBERT (ROB) C. MARTIN III, born February 3, 1862, at Melrose Plantation, died April 2, 1928, at Albemarle Plantation, buried in St. John Cemetery, Thibodaux, La. Married ELLEN REBECCA YOUNG in Marshall, Texas, on January 4, 1887. (She was

the youngest child of Benjamin Franklin Young, M. D. and Ann Elizabeth Peters, whose genealogy is given in Chapter VIII. She was born on March 2, 1862, died at home on Albemarle Plantation on September 5, 1945, and was interred in the family tomb in Thibodaux). With the exception of a few jobs he held as a young man his entire adult life was spent as a sugar planter on Albemarle. They had four children all of whom were christened by the Presbyterian minister in Marshall, Texas.

211. MAGGIE CHISHOLM MARTIN, born February 4, 1889, at Albemarle, married September 17, 1945, DR. WILLIAM WHITMELL PUGH, son of Dr. Thomas Bryan Pugh and Nancy Moseley Jones. (Dr. Pugh, a widower, first married to Evelyn Foley, was born in Napoleonville, La., on November 10, 1882, died March 26, 1964; buried in the Episcopal cemetery in Napoleonville). No issue of this marriage.

212. CHARLES YOUNG MARTIN, born September 29, 1890, at Albemarle Plantation, died February 11, 1962, in New Orleans, La., interred in the family tomb in St. John's Cemetery, Thibodaux, La. He married first on September 15, 1920, in New Orleans, MAUD CONSTANCE CUVILLIER, the daughter of John C. Cuvillier and Martha Duc. Of this union one daughter was born.

Charles Y. Martin was married for the second time in New Orleans on February 19, 1944, to LORRAINE JATHO, the widow of Irving S. Edell. (She was the daughter of Edmond Jatho and Edith Ripley, born in New Orleans May 21, 1891). This marriage had no issue.

A civil engineering graduate of Louisiana State University, Charlie did some engineering work in later years, although his main livelihood was from the automobile business in Thibodaux, La., in which he was in partnership with his brother, W.L. Martin. He served overseas for ten months during World War I as a 2nd Lieutenant in the 805th Pioneer Infantry. After his retirement on June 20, 1959, he continued to live in Thibodaux with his wife until his death in February, 1962.



ROBERT CAMPBELL MARTIN III and his wife, ELLEN REBECCA YOUNG. Copied from photograph of original picture taken by Whitesell of New Orleans in September, 1923. Taken in the yard at Albemarle to north of the house with R. C. Martin in his favorite rocking chair, petting his dog, Teddy, named for Theodore Roosevelt.



The family of Robert Campbell Martin III taken in August, 1917, shortly before Charlie left for Camp Logan Root in World War I. From left to right, MAGGIE, born 1899; LITT, born 1895; CHARLIE, born 1890; R.C. MARTIN III, born 1862; sitting, MRS. R.C.MARTIN III, born 1862; R.C.MARTIN IV, born 1901.



CHARLIE, LITT and ROB MARTIN, sons of R. C. and Ellen Young Martin. Copy of picture taken by Miss Pauline Rudd's father on boat in Bayou Lafourche taken around 1905.



DR. WILLIAM W. PUGH and his wife, MAGGIE CHISHOLM MARTIN, living room at Albemarle, Christmas, 1960.



CHARLES YOUNG MARTIN and his wife, LORRAINE JATHO MARTIN. Taken in January, 1961, in New Orleans. (Right)

CHAPTER VI

DESCENDANTS OF THOMAS PUGH MARTIN

Thomas Pugh Martin, the sixth child of Robert C. Martin I and Mary Winifred Hill Pugh, was born April 16, 1846, at Albemarle Plantation. He received his early education at private schools near his home, followed by boarding school in Thibodaux, Louisiana, after his mother's death in 1858. At the outbreak of the Civil War he enrolled at the Louisiana Seminary at Alexandria, Louisiana, where he stayed with relatives until he volunteered in the Confederate Army. He fought in the Battle of Labadie in Lafourche Parish, Louisiana, on October 27, 1862, and with the 26th Louisiana Volunteers at the siege of Vicksburg in 1863. He was paroled after the surrender and served as 1st Lieutenant in the Ordnance Department from 1864 until the end of the War. 44

44. The information about his Army career was obtained from General Martin's RECORD BOOK, supra.



THOMAS PUGH MARTIN, standing; JAMES BRYAN MARTIN, seated; taken by T. R. Johnson's, 493 Pennsylvania Ave., Washington, D. C., probably in the late 1890's.

After the war he settled in Marshall, Texas, and on October 12, 1865, in Harrison County, married Cornelia Marcello Taylor, who was born in Anderson District, South Carolina, to John Bayliss Earle Taylor (born March 15, 1813) and Cornelia M. Hubbard, also a native South Carolinian. 45 Mrs. T. P. Martin is buried in Fort Worth where she died on March 19, 1896.

45. J. B. E. Taylor was the son of James Taylor, born 1783, died 1852, and Nancy Sloan, born 1789, in South Carolina.

T. P. Martin worked in Marshall, Shreveport and Jefferson as a bookkeeper until September 1, 1868, at which time he entered into a commission business partnership in Jefferson. In the spring of 1871 he accepted the position of cashier in a newly organized bank in Jefferson, resigning because of poor health on November 29, 1875, to move to Austin, Texas, to become private secretary to Governor Hubbard. After four years in Austin, he returned to Jefferson to clerk in the Federal Court. Having passed the State Bar Examination while he was a bank employee in Jefferson, he subsequently engaged in the practice of law and the insurance business there and later in Fort Worth, until the death of his wife in 1896.

Thomas Pugh Martin and Cornelia Marcello Taylor had seven children – Robert Whitmell, Mary Cornelia, Thomas Pugh II, Corrie, Alberta Smith, Virginia Bryan and Robert Campbell.

On June 20, 1897, in Waco, Texas, Thomas P. Martin married Mary Ellen Ferree, the daughter of Jerome D. Ferree, and the widow of Henry Redenbaugh. She was a D.A.R. descended from Thomas Nelson, Jr., a signer of the Declaration of Independence. At the time of her marriage to Thomas P. Martin, Mrs. Redenbaugh had one daughter, Beatrice, born July 25, 1882, who was adopted by Thomas P. Martin in 1897. ⁴⁶ Beatrice married Lloyd Martin Blanchette, at Beau-

⁴⁶. The adoption is recorded in Tarrant County Courthouse.

mont, Texas, on November 26, 1901. Of this union there was one child, Devonion Martin Blanchette, who presently lives in Beaumont. There was one daughter born to Thomas P. Martin and Mary Ellen Ferree – Mary Winifred Hill Martin, who is now Mrs. Harry Stearns of Porterville, California.



MARY WINIFRED HILL MARTIN (now Mrs. Harry Stearns), only child of Thomas Pugh Martin and Mary Ellen Ferree, and her husband, HARRY D. STEARNS. Taken at La Mesa, California, November, 1963.

After his second marriage Thomas P. Martin remained in Fort Worth for a year or two, then Beaumont, and later El Paso where he practiced law. In 1902 he moved to Mexico, passed the Mexican Bar Examination, and was employed in the Right of Way Department of the National Railroad Lines of Mexico. He died on the train at Monterey, Mexico, on March 1, 1910, en route to his birthplace in Louisiana and was buried in the Madewood Cemetery adjoining his father. ⁴⁷

⁴⁷. The information in the above two paragraphs was obtained from letters written to the author by Mary Martin Stearns, daughter of Mary Ellen Ferree and Thomas Pugh Martin. The author has no further authentication.

61. ROBERT WHITMELL MARTIN, born in Marshall, May 23, 1867; died in Jefferson, July 15, 1871.
62. MARY CORNELIA MARTIN, born in Marshall, August 5, 1869; died in Fort Worth, November 12, 1934; married in Fort Worth, December 20, 1888, to JOHN ULYSSES McALLISTER (born in Aberdeen, Mississippi, in 1862, to John Ulysses McAllister and Mary Elizabeth Ligon; died March 16, 1932, in Fort Worth, where he is buried with his wife in Oakwood Cemetery).

At the time of his marriage to Mary Cornelia, John McAllister was a pioneer travelling salesman, who covered the plains west of Fort Worth in a buckboard drawn by a span of horses. After one or two other business ventures of short duration in New Orleans and Fort Worth he established his family in Paris, Texas, where for twenty years he represented a Rochester, N. Y., shoe manufacturing firm. Throughout his territory, which included the major cities of ten southern states, he was revered for his business integrity and his fine tenor voice. He and his wife, an accomplished pianist and pipe organist in her own right, were a popular musical duo and made many lasting friendships throughout the area. Mary and John had four children.

621. JOHN EARLE McALLISTER, born October 2, 1889, in Fort Worth, Texas, christened there in St. Andrew's Church; married GEORGIA FEATHERSTONE, a widow (born July 31, 1869, in Arkadelphia, Arkansas, to George Featherstone and Ann Appleby; died in 1942 and buried at Lolita, Texas).

John served as a Captain in the Texas State Guard Reserve Corps. He and Georgia had one child.

After divorcing his first wife, John Earle remarried on October 1, 1933, to KATHERINE O'CONNOR, a distant relative whose great-grandfather, John Bayles Earle Taylor, he claimed in common. They were married in the Episcopal Church, Laredo, Texas, and presently reside in Marshall, where he is an office equipment salesman.

6211. MARY VIRGINIA McALLISTER, born October 27, 1913, in El Paso, Texas; christened at Paris, Texas; married on June 5, 1932, in Laredo, Texas, to JAMES HALL SUMMER (born October 19, 1900, in Chauncey, Georgia). They live in Freer, Texas, where James is employed by an oil company. Four children were born of this marriage.

62111. JAMES HALL SUMMER, JR., born in Mirando, Texas, on February 20, 1933; married on January 20, 1953, NELDA JEAN HALL (born October 14, 1931, in Snyder, Texas, to Cecil App Hall and Mary Eddie Walker). James served in the United States Marine Corps from 1952-1956. He, his wife and two children presently live in Winters, Texas, where he is employed by an oil company.

621111. MARK HALL SUMMER, born September 8, 1953, in Weslaco, Texas.

621112. KEITH ALAN SUMMER, born November 8, 1958, in Abilene, Texas.

62112. CARL BERNARD SUMMER, born October 15, 1936, in Freer, Texas; married June 1, 1957, in Oklahoma City, BARBARA ROSE MILLER (born January 15, 1936, in Des Moines, Iowa, to William John Miller and Dorothy Lucille Bee). They live with their daughter in Oklahoma City where Carl is a Nazarene minister.

621121. CHERYL LYNN SUMMER, born December 13, 1958, in Bethany, Oklahoma.

CHAPTER VII

THE ANCESTRY OF MARGARET (MAGGIE) CHISHOLM LITTLEJOHN, THE WIFE OF ROBERT CAMPBELL MARTIN II

Margaret Chisholm Littlejohn was the second of eight children born to William Littlejohn and Eliza Anne Chisholm. Her father moved with his family from Hardeman County, Tennessee, to Assumption Parish, Louisiana, in 1847, and settled on Melrose Plantation near Labadieville. Sometime during the Civil War he again moved his family to Marshall, Texas. However, he died in Assumption at the home of his son-in-law, R. C. Martin II, on May 5, 1889, and is buried adjoining his wife in Jefferson, Texas.



WILLIAM LITTLEJOHN of Melrose Plantation.
Photo copied from a picture by Washburn, 109
Canal St., New Orleans, La., circa 1870-1880.



ELIZA ANNE CHISHOLM (Mrs. William Littlejohn). Photo copied from a picture by Washburn in New Orleans, La., circa 1872.

Maggie, born April 14, 1837, in Tennessee, was married to Robert Campbell Martin II of Albemarle Plantation on April 24, 1861, at Melrose Plantation, the home of her parents. She died on July 12, 1879. 48

48. See Chapter IV for their descendants.

Maggie's genealogy herewith given is traced through the maternal ancestry of Sarah Blount, her great-grandmother. Information on other ascendant lines is furnished in footnotes. 49

49. Much of the information in this chapter has come from WILLIAM LITTLEJOHN DESCENDANTS by W. H. Littlejohn and F. S. Littlejohn, M. D., a nephew of Mrs. Margaret Littlejohn Martin.

1. GEORGE DURANT, THE ELDER (born circa 1631) married ANN NORWOOD or Marwood (born June 22, 1644) of North Thumberland, Virginia.
2. JOHN DURANT (born 1662; died 1699) married SARAH JOOKE (daughter of Thomas Jooke and Ann _____; married William Stevens after John's death).
3. GEORGE DURANT (born 1685; died 1730) married in 1714 HAGAR CRISP (died February 14, 1723; a daughter of Captain Nicholas Crisp, died 1727, and _____ Wilkins).
4. SARAH DURANT (born _____; died _____; a twin of Mary; see HATTAWAY REGISTER) married JOSEPH BLOUNT (the son of John Blount, died circa 1716, and Elizabeth Davis, died about 1733).
5. SARAH BLOUNT 50 (born February 14, 1747; died October 10, 1807; daughter of Joseph Blount of Edenton, North Carolina) married WILLIAM LITTLEJOHN November 12, 1771, (born in Inverness, Scotland, February 22, 1740, next to youngest child of John Littlejohn, glazier, and Jean Robertson; emigrated before 1760 to Edenton, North Carolina, where he was shipping merchant for forty years; died March 4, 1817, from injuries sustained in an equestrian accident)



Home of William Littlejohn and Sarah Blount in Edenton, North Carolina. Built shortly after the Revolutionary War the house is still in good condition today.

6. JOSEPH BLOUNT LITTLEJOHN (born in Edenton, N. C., October 10, 1776; fourth child of fourteen; graduate of Princeton University; moved in later life to Tennessee where he died January 2, 1852) ; married ANNE MARIA JONES 51 of Halifax County, North Carolina, May 17, 1804.



JOSEPH BLOUNT LITTLEJOHN, son of William and Sarah Blount Littlejohn; copy of a picture made of him in Paris with French inscription thereon translated as follows: "Drawn by Jaquet – Grand Prize Chretien – copied from steel engraving Nos. 48 and 33 Honore St. at Paris."

7. **WILLIAM LITTLEJOHN** (born April 24, 1811, in Halifax County, N. C.; died May 5, 1889) ; married **ELIZA ANNE CHISHOLM** 52 on September 10, 1833, in Hardeman County, Tennessee.
8. **MARGARET CHISHOLM LITTLEJOHN** married **ROBERT CAMPBELL MARTIN II** (see Chapter IV for their descendants). Second child of William and Eliza Anne Littlejohn.



MARGARET CHISHOLM LITTLEJOHN, copied from a daguerrotype. Date taken unknown.

8. **ANGUS CHISHOLM LITTLEJOHN** (born October 10, 1848, at Melrose Plantation; died April 14, 1891, in Texas); married Cynthia Pugh (granddaughter of Augustin, who had emigrated to Louisiana in 1819; see Chapter III on the Pugh Ancestry). Seventh child of William and Eliza Ann Littlejohn.



ANGUS CHISHOLM LITTLEJOHN, husband of Cynthia Pugh. Copied from a picture by Barthet of Labadieville, date unknown.



CYNTHIA PUGH (Mrs. Angus Littlejohn), taken in 1908.

9. Their children were Kemper, Margaret, Augusta, Angus and Cynthia, all deceased except Augusta, who presently lives at 1221 Leontine St., New Orleans, La.



ANGUS CHISHOLM LITTLEJOHN, son of Angus and Cynthia Pugh Littlejohn.



From left to right: **MARGARET, CYNTHIA and AGUSTA (GUSSIE) LITTLEJOHN**, daughters of Angus and Cynthia Pugh Littlejohn.

CHAPTER VIII

ANCESTRY OF THE YOUNG, PETERS AND ALLIED FAMILIES 53

Thomas Young emigrated from England to the Jamestown Colony in Virginia early in the 17th Century, settling some years later in Accomac County, Virginia.

53. The material in this chapter has been obtained from the "Family Record of the Youngs," by General P. M. B. Young, written in 1895; from "A Short History of the Family of Benjamin Franklin Young, Esq.," by Thomas P. Young, a Marshall, Texas, lawyer, now deceased; from various papers in the Young collection; and from the book "Boodie and Allied Families," by _____.

John Young, a descendant of Thomas's, was born in 1734 in Loudon County, Virginia, where he lived until 1773 when he moved with his family to Spartanburg, South Carolina. John and his wife, Emily Wood, had three sons - James, John and William, born July 21, 1759.

In 1775 William Young, at the age of sixteen, enlisted in Captain John Hennington's Company of the 3rd Regiment of South Carolina, Continental Troops, commanded by Colonel William Thompson, a regiment of Rangers of mounted infantry. He served throughout the War, seeing action at King's Mountain, Cowpens, Brier Creek, Augusta, where he was wounded, Stone, Ninety Six, Musgrove Mills, Savannah and all other engagements on both sides of the river. Surviving his wounds and a bout with the smallpox he was promoted to the rank of Captain in 1779. In 1789 William married Mary ⁵⁴ Salmon (sometimes spelled Sammon or Sammons) the

54. According to John Salmon's will, made in 1808 and probated in Greenville in 1812, he had five sons and seven daughters. He lists his eighth child as Polly instead of Mary. His ninth child, Nancy, married William Young's brother.

daughter of John Salmon. He and Mary reared their twelve children in Greenville, South Carolina, at their colonial home, "Stone House."



The home of William and Mary Salmon Young in Greenville, South Carolina. Built in 1820 of native rock, and called ROCK HOUSE or OLD STONE HOUSE, it was, at least as late as 1927, in good condition and occupied by the fourth generation of Thackstons. This is the same picture, recopied several times, that appears in the Young family history by Thomas P. Young in 1927.

William Young, a large, but tall and well proportioned man, retained throughout his lifetime an uncompromising and unforgiving attitude toward the Tories. He died November 7, 1826, at "Stone House." The following quotation is inscribed on his tombstone:

"Sacred to the memory of Capt. William Young, died Nov. 7th, 1826 age 68 years. He

joined the Continental Army at the age of sixteen years, and served during the war. He was a true patriot and an honest man, and enjoyed in an eminent degree the respect of all that knew him."

Of the twelve children born to William and Mary or Polly Young three of the five girls married and remained in South Carolina; the other nine migrated to Georgia, Mississippi, Arkansas, Louisiana and Texas. Three of the seven sons became doctors of medicine.

The third child, Robert Young, M. D., moved to Georgia. His son, P. M. B. Young, educated at West Point, served as a Major General with the Confederate forces during the Civil War. He subsequently became a member of Congress, Consul General to Russia during President Cleveland's first term of office, and a diplomatic agent in South America during his second term.

The seventh child, Benjamin Franklin Young, M. D., was born August 10, 1810, in Greenville District, South Carolina. He eventually settled in Texas in 1847, living for a brief period in Tennessee, Mississippi and Arkansas as he made his way westward. On November 21, 1840, he married Ann Elizabeth Peters 55 in Tippah County, Mississippi. Benjamin and Ann had nine children.

55. Her ancestry is given further on in this chapter.



DR. BENJAMIN FRANKLIN YOUNG, 1837 graduate of the University of Pennsylvania Medical School.



ANN PETERS YOUNG, wife of Dr. Benjamin Franklin Young.

1. JAMES WILLIAM YOUNG, born in Salem, Tippah County, Mississippi, September 5, 1841; christened in Tippah County by the Reverend Reuben Barrows of the C. P. Church; married and lived in Marshall where he reared his family; served in the Confederate Army; died December 24, 1914, in Marshall.
2. CHARLES FRANKLIN YOUNG, born in Salem, Tippah County, Mississippi, November 3, 1844; bachelor; served in Confederate Army; died October 1, 1922, in Marshall.
3. MARY PETERS YOUNG, born in Union County, Arkansas, November 29, 1846; christened in Methodist Church in Marshall, Texas; married J. C. TERRELL of Fort Worth, Texas, where she lived until his death in 1909; returned to Marshall where she lived in the old family home with her sister, Anna, until her death October 17, 1920; buried in Oaklawn Cemetery, Fort Worth, Texas.



CHARLES FRANKLIN YOUNG. Copied from original taken by Webster of Marshall, circa 1905-1910.



MARY PETERS YOUNG
(Mrs. J. C. Terrell)



Home of Benjamin Franklin Young and his wife Ann Elizabeth Peters on South College St., Marshall, Texas. Built in 1848, the house is now razed. From left to right are: CALVIN YOUNG; ANN ELIZABETH PETERS YOUNG, seated on bench; MARY YOUNG TERRELL, standing behind her; ROBERT CAMPBELL MARTIN IV seated on ground; ANNIE YOUNG standing against the tree; and MRS. RAMSEY seated against the tree.

4. **FANNY YOUNG**, born in Marshall, Texas, February 4, 1849; married **DR. ALFRED DE-LOACH**; had two boys and four girls, the eldest of whom, Etheldra, married William Littlejohn Martin (see Chapter IV, #22); died about 1932.
5. **THOMAS PETERS YOUNG**, born July 20, 1851, in Marshall; died March 8, 1929, buried in Marshall; a self-educated attorney; wrote history of the Young family from which much of this data is taken; married **KATIE KNIGHT**, March 27, 1883, and reared a large family, several of whom died in youth.



THOMAS PETERS YOUNG



KATIE KNIGHT, wife of Thomas Peters Young

The eldest daughter, Mary Katherine (Katie), married Carey Abney, and they presently live in Marshall. The second child, Christine, married Wilfred Hemdon Lowrance and lived in Dallas. William Franklin, a lawyer and banker in Marshall, married Allene Smith of Big Sandy, Texas. Mary Peters married Joe S. Brown, a prominent attorney, now retired, and former Assistant Attorney General of Texas; presently living on the site of the old Thomas Young family home in Marshall. Louise married Dr. Frank Littlejohn of Marshall, a nephew of Margaret Littlejohn, the wife of Robert C. Martin II (see Chapter IV, #2). Calvin married Laura Lee Edwards, and they presently live in Abilene, Texas, where he is affiliated with a utilities company. Ann Elizabeth married Reverend Cecil Herbert Lang, a Presbyterian minister.



KATHERINE YOUNG ABNEY (Katie), the wife of Carey Abney, taken October 1961, on the site of the old Thomas P. Young home.



MARY PETERS YOUNG BROWN and her husband, JOE BROWN, taken October, 1961, in front of their home in Marshall, Texas, built on the site of the old Thomas P. Young home.

- 6. **EDWARD LEONIDAS YOUNG**, born March 5, 1854; died April, 1855, of scarlet fever.
- 7. **ANNA GREER YOUNG**, born September 18, 1856; spinster; lived entire life in old family home on South College Street in Marshall; died May 21, 1944.

8. **WILLIAM ARTHUR YOUNG**, born June 24, 1859; bachelor; died October 27, 1899, in Marshall.
9. **ELLEN REBECCA YOUNG**, born March 2, 1862; married January 4, 1887, in Marshall, **ROBERT CAMPBELL MARTIN** (see Chapter IV, #21); died September 5, 1945, at her home, Albemarle, Assumption Parish, Louisiana.



ELLEN REBECCA YOUNG
(Mrs. Robert Campbell Martin III)



ROBERT CAMPBELL MARTIN III



ANNA GREER YOUNG

Ann Elizabeth Peters, the wife of Benjamin Franklin Young, was born June 15, 1819, in Maury County, Tennessee, and died February 25, 1912, in Marshall, Texas. She was a descendant of the Boodies on her mother's side. What is known of her genealogy follows.

1. **JOHN BOODIE** (1654-1717) married **ELIZABETH** _____ (1650-1699).
2. **JOHN BOODIE** (1685-1720) of the Isle of Wight married **ELIZABETH THOMAS** (1675-1750).
3. **LT. WILLIAM BOODIE** (1710-1772) married **MARY BURNETT** (daughter of Captain William Burnett and Grace _____ of Nansemond County, Virginia).



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4. **NATHAN BOODIE** (born February 22, 1732; died December 7, 1797, at Rosehill, North Carolina) married **CHLOE CRUDUP** (1745-1781). 56

5. **GEORGE BOODIE** (born November 19, 1769; died December 14, 1842, at Rosehill, N. C.) married on May 7, 1790, **SUSANNAH PARHAM HILL** (born in 1767 to Thomas Hill and Susan Parham; died September 15, 1798).

6. **REBECCA BOODIE** (born February 7, 1791, in Nash County, North Carolina; died about 1854 in Union County, Arkansas) married **JAMES P. PETERS** (died in 1834 in Union County, Arkansas).

7. **ANN ELIZABETH PETERS** (born June 15, 1819, in Maury County, Tennessee, died February 25, 1912, in Marshall, Texas) married Benjamin Franklin Young November 21, 1840.

56. Chloe was the daughter of John Crudup and Moming Dixon. Her paternal grandparents were Josiah and Mary Crudup. Her maternal grandparents were Thomas and Penelope Dixon.



REBECCA BOODIE,
wife of James P. Peters



JAMES P PETERS,
husband of Rebecca Boodie